

## About

Energy Poverty Nexus is an EU-funded project supporting EU Member States in tackling energy poverty through strengthened national capacities, policy alignment with EU legislation and structured monitoring frameworks.

The project focuses on seven pilot countries, Bulgaria, Croatia, Estonia, Greece, Hungary, Poland and Spain, while extending its impact to additional replication countries.

It supports the implementation of the EU's Fit for 55 package, contributing to coordinated, long-term national action.

Energy Poverty Nexus is co-funded by the European Union's Programme for Environment and Climate Action (LIFE) under Grant Agreement No. 101215621.

## Keep in touch



[energy-poverty-nexus.eu](https://energy-poverty-nexus.eu)



[Energy Poverty Nexus](#)



website



## Partners



UNIVERSITY OF TARTU



CENTRAL EASTERN EUROPEAN SUSTAINABLE ENERGY NETWORK

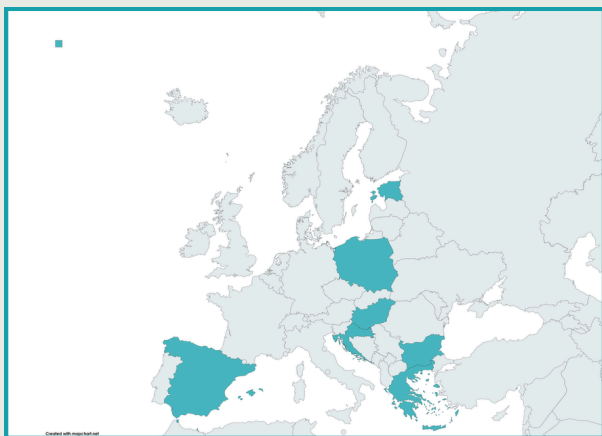
## Supporting Member States to Combat Energy Poverty

Energy Poverty Nexus is an EU-funded project supporting EU Member States in tackling energy poverty through strengthened national capacities, policy alignment with EU legislation and structured monitoring frameworks.

## Main focus

**Energy Poverty Nexus** supports the creation of new and strengthening existing national energy poverty observatories in seven pilot countries:

Bulgaria, Croatia, Estonia, Greece, Hungary, Poland, and Spain.



### The observatories:

- Collect and analyse national and regional data on energy poverty.
- Monitor key energy poverty indicators.
- Facilitate coordination among policymakers, experts and stakeholders.
- Support the co-design and implementation of targeted energy poverty alleviation measures.

## Knowledge sharing activities

**National capacity-building workshops** in pilot countries, bringing together national authorities, civil society organisations, energy agencies, and social actors to strengthen implementation capacity.

**Peer-learning** exchanges to encourage replication across Europe.

**EU-level events and webinars** to disseminate lessons learned and research findings.

## Key stakeholders

### Institutional core

National ministries, energy agencies, regional and local authorities, and technical advisors.

### Operational and market actors

NGOs, advocacy groups, housing associations, social welfare services, utilities, ESCOs, and financial institutions.

### Knowledge and civil society actors

Research institutions, and technology providers.

**Energy poor and vulnerable households are the stakeholders that are at the heart of Energy Poverty Nexus**

## Policy uptake & support

**Analyse national policies** against EU legislation to identify gaps and areas for improvement.

**Assess** existing EU and national support schemes.

**Co-design programme improvements**, including renovation funds, social tariffs and targeted energy efficiency measures.

**Develop Energy Poverty Action Plans** with defined actions, timelines, and funding pathways.

**Produce policy briefs and recommendations** to inform policy-makers.

**Organise policy dialogues and stakeholder roundtables** to strengthen institutional cooperation.

